Science - Skills					
	Key Stage One	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6		
Scientific Attitudes			Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support and refute ideas or arguments		
Experiential Skills and Investigations	Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways Observing closely, using simple equipment Performing simple tests Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	Asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them. Setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests. Making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using a range of equipment. Gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions Recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, graphs (see maths curriculum) and tables	Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings where appropriate. Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables and graphs (see maths curriculum)		
Analysis and Evaluation	Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.	Reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions. Identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes. Using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.	Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of a degree of trust in results, in both oral and written form. Identifying scientific evidence that have been used to support or refute ideas or arguments		

Measurement	Make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment.	Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure (in line with the age-related maths curriculum)
		Use, read, write and convert between standard units of measure for length, mass, volume and time.